## § 457.420

## § 457.420 Benchmark health benefits coverage.

Benchmark coverage is health benefits coverage that is substantially equal to the health benefits coverage in one of the following benefit plans:

(a) Federal Employees Health Benefit Plan (FEHBP). The standard Blue Cross/Blue Shield preferred provider option service benefit plan that is described in, and offered to Federal employees under, 5 U.S.C. 8903(1).

(b) State employee plan. A health benefits plan that is offered and generally available to State employees in the

State.

(c) Health maintenance organization (HMO) plan. A health insurance coverage plan that is offered through an HMO (as defined in section 2791(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act) and has the largest insured commercial, non-Medicaid enrollment in the State.

## $\$\,457.430~$ Benchmark-equivalent health benefits coverage.

- (a) Aggregate actuarial value. Benchmark-equivalent coverage is health benefits coverage that has an aggregate actuarial value determined in accordance with §457.431 that is at least actuarially equivalent to the coverage under one of the benchmark packages specified in §457.420.
- (b) Required coverage. In addition to the coverage required under §457.410(b), benchmark-equivalent health benefits coverage must include coverage for the following categories of services:
- (1) Inpatient and outpatient hospital services.
- (2) Physicians' surgical and medical services.
  - (3) Laboratory and x-ray services.
- (c) Additional coverage. (1) In addition to the categories of services in paragraph (b) of this section, benchmark-equivalent coverage may include coverage for any additional services specified in § 457.402.
- (2) If the benchmark coverage package used by the State for purposes of comparison in establishing the aggregate actuarial value of the benchmarkequivalent coverage package includes coverage for prescription drugs, mental health services, vision services or hearing services, then the actuarial value of the coverage for each of these cat-

egories of service in the benchmarkequivalent coverage package must be at least 75 percent of the value of the coverage for such a category or service in the benchmark plan used for comparison by the State.

(3) If the benchmark coverage package does not cover one of the categories of services in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, then the benchmarkequivalent coverage package may, but is not required to, include coverage for that category of service.

## § 457.431 Actuarial report for benchmark-equivalent coverage.

- (a) To obtain approval for benchmark-equivalent health benefits coverage described under §457.430, the State must submit to CMS an actuarial report that contains an actuarial opinion that the health benefits coverage meets the actuarial requirements under §457.430. The report must also specify the benchmark coverage used for comparison.
- (b) The actuarial report must state that it was prepared—
- (1) By an individual who is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries;
- (2) Using generally accepted actuarial principles and methodologies of the American Academy of Actuaries;
- (3) Using a standardized set of utilization and price factors;
- (4) Using a standardized population that is representative of privately insured children of the age of those expected to be covered under the State plan;
- (5) Applying the same principles and factors in comparing the value of different coverage (or categories of services):
- (6) Without taking into account any differences in coverage based on the method of delivery or means of cost control or utilization used; and
- (7) Taking into account the ability of a State to reduce benefits by considering the increase in actuarial value of health benefits coverage offered under the State plan that results from the limitations on cost sharing (with the exception of premiums) under that coverage.
- (c) The actuary who prepares the opinion must select and specify the standardized set and population to be